Clear Creek School District RE-1 Financial Report June 30, 2024



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M & A

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Clear Creek School District RE-1 Idaho Springs, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of Clear Creek School District RE-1, Colorado (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Paul J. Backes, CPA, CGMA MICHAEL N. JENKINS, CA, CPA, CGMA MATTHEW D. MILLER, CPA AVON: (970) 845-8800 ASPEN: (970) 544-3996 FRISCO: (970) 668-348 I

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with U.S. GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. GAAP require Management's Discussion and Analysis in Section B, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Pension Contributions, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Other Post-Employment Benefits Liabilities, Schedule of District's Other Post-Employment Benefit Contributions, and the Notes to the Required Supplemental Information in Section E, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in section B in accordance with U.S. GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Required Supplementary Information (continued)

The budgetary comparison information in section E is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by U.S. GAAP. The budgetary comparison information in section E is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements, individual budgetary schedules, the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Data Integrity Check Figures, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by *Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* included in the Single Audit Section, and the Statistical Section listed in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining fund financial statements, individual budgetary schedules, the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Data Integrity Check Figures, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and the Statistical Section listed in the accompanying table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. GAAS. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements, individual budgetary schedules, the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Data Integrity Check Figures, the statistical section, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards listed in the accompanying table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and on compliance.

Mc Mahan and Associates, L.L.C. McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.

Avon, Colorado December 9, 2024

Clear Creek School District RE-1

Management's Discussion and Analysis



Clear Creek School District RE-1

Management Discussion and Analysis

As management of Clear Creek School District RE-1 (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's annual financial report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statement, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The District had the following financial results in 2024:

- The District's General Fund balance at the end of fiscal year 2024 was \$6,427,864. This is a decrease from the prior year of \$805,645.
- The District's ending General Fund balance consists of 54% of the current year expenditures and transfers out of \$12,003,111.

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the financial health of the District.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event effecting the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and changes in long-term compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The categories that are reported in the District-wide financial statements are as follows:

- **Governmental activities:** All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instructional services, support services, food services, and student activities.
- Business-type activities: The District includes the tuition preschool fund under business-type activities.
- Discretely presented component unit: The District includes the activity of its component unit, Georgetown Community School.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages C1 and C2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the operations of the District by fund instead of the District as a whole. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Government Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental fund and governmental activities.

The District's most significant, or "major" governmental funds include the General Fund, the Food Service Fund, the Grant Fund, the Pupil Activity Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Reserve Fund, and the Building Fund.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all funds to demonstrate compliance with state budget statutes.

The basic major governmental fund statements begin on page C3.

Proprietary funds: The District maintains proprietary funds, which are enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the district-wide financial statements. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer treatment plant and tuition preschools. Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information as the district-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide financial reports for the District's tuition preschools which are considered to be major funds of the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplemental information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a district's financial position. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District's total net position was \$16,321,578. Of the District's liabilities were net pension liability of \$17,314,528 and net other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") liability of \$418,060. The net pension and OPEB liabilities are the District's proportionate share of the School Division Trust Fund pension liability and Health Care Trust Fund's collective OPEB liability, respectively, administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado. This was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension and OPEB liabilities to December 31, 2023.

The assets of the District are classified as current assets and capital assets. Current assets are available to provide resources for the near-term operations of the District. The majority of the current assets are the result of the property tax process, with the majority of these taxes received in March, May, and June.

Capital assets are made up of land, construction in progress, buildings, and equipment/vehicles. Current and long-term liabilities are classified based upon anticipated liquidation, either in the near-term or in the future.

Summary of Net Position

The following table provides a summary of the District's net position as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Clear Creek School District RE-1's Net Position

	Governmental				Busines	s-type		
	Activities		ties	Activities			Total	
		2024	2023		2024	2023	2024	2023
Assets:								
Current and other assets	\$	30,994,073	57,587,172	\$	84,204	68,323	\$31,078,277	57,655,495
Capital assets, net		53,627,345	18,410,160		-	-	53,627,345	18,410,160
Total Assets		84,621,418	75,997,332		84,204	68,323	84,705,622	76,065,655
Deferred outflow of resources		5,190,747	3,593,320				5,190,747	3,593,320
Liabilities:								
Other liabilities		9,311,819	1,940,532		68,609	4,990	9,380,428	1,945,522
Long-term liabilities		63,044,773	58,833,969		-	-	63,044,773	58,833,969
Total Liabilities		72,356,592	60,774,501		68,609	4,990	72,425,201	60,779,491
Deferred inflow of resources		1,149,590	6,211,220		<u> </u>		1,149,590	6,211,220
Net Position:								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt		27,523,393	11,150,442		-	-	27,523,393	11,150,442
Restricted		2,655,616	2,304,789		13,758	-	2,669,374	2,304,789
Unrestricted		(13,873,026)	(850,300)		1,837	63,333	(13,871,189)	(786,967)
Total Net Position	\$	16,305,983	12,604,931	\$	15,595	63,333	\$16,321,578	12,668,264

Of the District's total assets, 63% are capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment). The District uses these assets to provide instruction and related services to its students.

Summary of Activities

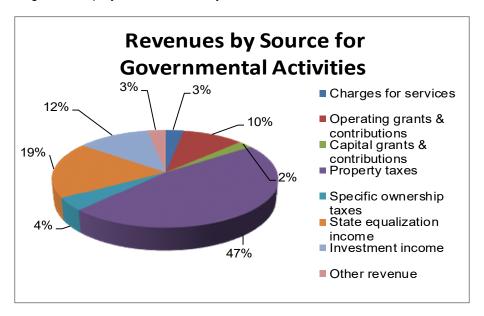
Net position increased by \$1,297,667. The following graph summarizes the District's change in net position:

Clear Creek School District RE-1's Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Busine: Activ		Total		
		2024	2023	 2024	2023	2024	2023	
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	514,581	501,098	\$ 139,540	79,443	\$ 654,121	580,541	
Operating grants & contributions		1,762,479	1,944,937	263,477	· -	2,025,956	1,944,937	
Capital grants & contributions		422,443	165,990	-	_	422,443	165,990	
General revenues:								
Property taxes		8,294,846	8,167,773	-	-	8,294,846	8,167,773	
Specific ownership taxes		768,252	675,021	-	-	768,252	675,021	
State equalization income		3,297,789	2,542,795	-	-	3,297,789	2,542,795	
Grants and contributions not								
restricted to specific programs		369,729	306,158	-	-	369,729	306,158	
Investment income		2,079,977	110,832	-	-	2,079,977	110,832	
Gain on disposal of assets		7,750	2,367,306	-	-	7,750	2,367,306	
Other revenue		147,879	267,730	-	-	147,879	267,730	
Total Revenues		17,665,725	17,049,640	403,017	79,443	18,068,742	17,129,083	
			_	 · ·				
Expenses:								
Direct instruction		5,904,121	2,860,930	-	-	5,904,121	2,860,930	
Indirect instruction		1,877,494	998,329	-	-	1,877,494	998,329	
General administration		1,567,651	621,378	-	-	1,567,651	621,378	
Support services		758,169	528,991	-	-	758,169	528,991	
Custodial and maintenance		2,916,851	2,210,929	-	-	2,916,851	2,210,929	
Transportation		1,188,866	470,823	-	-	1,188,866	470,823	
Food service		502,821	247,951	-	-	502,821	247,951	
Community service		871	1,208	-	-	871	1,208	
Tuition preschool		-	-	458,601	72,528	458,601	72,528	
Interest on long-term debt		1,595,630	720,719			1,595,630	720,719	
Total Expenses		16,312,474	8,661,258	 458,601	72,528	16,771,075	8,733,786	
Change in Net Position		1,353,251	8,388,382	(55,584)	6,915	1,297,667	8,395,297	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		14,955,232	3,125,606	68,679	1,147,361	15,023,911	4,272,967	
Transfers		(2,500)	1,090,943	2,500	(1,090,943)	-	-	
Net Position - End of Year	\$	16,305,983	12,604,931	\$ 15,595	63,333	\$16,321,578	12,668,264	

Property taxes, specific ownership tax, and per pupil state formula revenue (School Finance Act-State Equalization) account for most of the District's revenue. The remainder comes from grants and contributions with the remainder from fees charged for services and miscellaneous sources.

The following chart displays the revenues by source for the total District:



The District's expenses predominantly relate to instruction and support services, which include support for students and instructional staff, administration, operations and maintenance, and transportation. Given that the District is a service organization providing education services to students, the majority of the expenses are paid in the form of compensation (salaries and benefits) to the District's employees.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds: As mentioned earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned balances may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The District did increase its unassigned balance, or fund balance, at the end of this fiscal year; a focus must be made to make an increase each year to that balance to ensure the fiscal health of the District.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$21,528,197. This is a decrease of \$28,898,313 from the prior year ending fund balances. The increase is mainly due to bond proceeds for construction projects in the Building Fund, which are expected to be spent in following years.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: The District's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. Original and final adopted budgets, as well as variances between actual revenues, expenditures, and final budgeted amounts are reflected in the Required Supplementary Information beginning on page E1 of the audited financial statements.

Actual expenditures of \$11,091,685 were favorable to budgeted expenditures of \$17,103,495.

Capital Assets: The District's investment in capital assets for governmental activities as of June 30, 2024 amounts to \$53,627,345, (net accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles.

Additional information as well as a detailed classification of the District's net capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statement section of this report.

Long-Term Debt: As of June 30, 2024, the District had an outstanding debt of \$63,044,773 consisting of the District's net pension and OPEB liabilities, general obligation bonds, and compensated absences payable. The District's net pension liability increased \$2,890,160 from the previous year.

Additional information as well as a detailed classification of the District's long-term liabilities can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statement section of this report.

Economic Factors: The Public School Finance Act is the largest source of revenue for the District's operating funds. The School Finance Act calculates per-pupil funding by school District based upon a formula that takes into consideration the cost of living, number of students, District size, personnel vs. non-personnel, and number of at-risk students. The purpose of this act was to establish a financial base of support for public education, to move towards a uniform mill levy tax statewide for all Districts, and to limit future growth of and reliance upon property tax to support public education.

Next Year's Budget and Rates: The District's General Fund balance at the end of fiscal year 2024 was \$6,427,864. The District budgeted revenues to cover budgeted expenditures in the General Fund for fiscal year 2024.

Request for Information:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Chief Financial Officer P.O. Box 3399 Idaho Springs, CO 80452

Clear Creek School District RE-1

Basic Financial Statements



Clear Creek School District RE-1 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Julie 30, 2024			
		Component		
		Primary Government		Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Georgetown Community School
Assets:	Activities	Addivides	Total	Community Concor
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net:	29,474,597	-	29,474,597	577,375
Taxes	1,086,444	-	1,086,444	-
Other	402,203	3,234	405,437	-
Internal balances	(80,970)	80,970	-	-
Prepaid expenses	107,577	-	107,577	1,572
Inventory	4,222	-	4,222	-
Total Current Assets	30,994,073	84,204	31,078,277	680,858
Capital Assets:				
Capital assets not being depreciated	35,238,566	-	35,238,566	_
Capital assets being depreciated, net	18,388,779	_	18,388,779	83,391
Total Capital Assets	53,627,345		53,627,345	83,391
Total Assets	84,621,418	84,204	84,705,622	764,249
Total Assets	04,021,410	04,204	04,703,022	104,243
Deferred Outflows of Resources			- /	
Related to pension	5,125,909	-	5,125,909	822,916
Related to other post-employment benefits ("OPEB")	64,838	<u> </u>	64,838	18,105
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,190,747	<u> </u>	5,190,747	841,021
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	6,543,444	710	6,544,154	34,018
Contracts and retainage payable	1,264,419	-	1,264,419	-
Accrued compensation	1,197,901	67,899	1,265,800	87,531
Unearned revenue	68,711		68,711	690
Other current liabilities	107,997	_	107,997	-
Accrued interest	131,473	_	131,473	-
Total Current Liabilities	9,313,945	68,609	9,382,554	122,239
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Accrued compensated absences	1,042,829	_	1,042,829	45,132
Bonded debt:	1,042,020		1,042,020	40,102
Due within one year	1,279,412	_	1,279,412	-
Due in more than one year	42,576,298	-	42,576,298	-
Net pension liability	17,314,528	-	17,314,528	2,225,331
Net other post-employment benefits liability	418,060	-	418,060	53,734
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	62,631,127		62,631,127	2,324,197
Total Liabilities	71,945,072	68,609	72,013,681	2,446,436
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Related to pension	970,649	-	970,649	132,020
Related to other post-employment benefits ("OPEB")	178,941		178,941	24,888
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,149,590		1,149,590	156,908
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	27,853,516	_	27,853,516	83,391
Restricted for:	21,000,010	-	21,000,010	00,091
Emergencies	499,704	13,758	513,462	45,862
Debt service	2,155,912	10,700	2,155,912	40,002
Unrestricted	(13,791,629)	1,837	(13,789,792)	(1,127,327)
Total Net Position	16,717,503	15,595	16,733,098	(998,074)
i otal Net Fosition	10,717,503	10,080	10,733,080	(990,074)

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in

			Program Revenues			Net Position			
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit	
Governmental Activities:									
Direct instruction	5,330,583	274,726	1,002,398	422,443	(3,631,016)		(3,631,016)		
Indirect instruction	1,877,494	28,000	300,886	,	(1,548,608)		(1,548,608)		
General administration	1,567,651	43,911	-	_	(1,523,740)		(1,523,740)		
Support services	758,169	36,000	-	-	(722,169)		(722,169)		
Custodial and maintenance	2,916,851	, <u> </u>	-	-	(2,916,851)		(2,916,851)		
Transportation	1,188,866	84,743	-	-	(1,104,123)		(1,104,123)		
Food service	502,821	45,076	299,302	-	(158,443)		(158,443)		
Community service	871	, -	-	-	(871)		(871)		
Interest on long-term debt	1,595,630				(1,595,630)		(1,595,630)		
Total governmental activities	15,738,936	512,456	1,602,586	422,443	(13,201,451)		(13,201,451)		
Business-type Activities:									
Tuition preschool	458,601	139,540	263,477	-		(55,584)	(55,584)		
Total Business-type Activities	458,601	139,540	263,477			(55,584)	(55,584)		
Component Unit:									
Georgetown Community School	1,816,025	72,955	231,487	16,938				(1,494,645)	
Total component unit	1,816,025	72,955	231,487	16,938				(1,494,645)	
	General revenues: Taxes:								
		_evied for general ope			5,721,584	-	5,721,584	317,920	
		_evied for debt service	:		2,573,262	-	2,573,262	-	
	Specific ownersh				768,252	-	768,252	-	
	State equalization i				3,297,789	-	3,297,789	890,293	
		utions not restricted to	specific programs		369,729	-	369,729	21,386	
	Investment income				2,079,977	-	2,079,977	30,175	
	Gain on disposal of	assets			7,750	-	7,750	-	
	Other revenue				147,879	-	147,879	-	
	Transfers				(2,500)	2,500	-	-	
	Total general rev	enues			14,963,722	2,500	14,966,222	1,259,774	
	Change in net positi	on			1,762,271	(53,084)	1,709,187	(234,871)	
	Net Position - Begin	ning			14,955,232	68,679	15,023,911	(763,203)	
	Net Position - Endin	g			16,717,503	15,595	16,733,098	(998,074)	

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds							
	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Grant Fund	Pupil Activity Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Building Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:						· ·		
Cash and cash equivalents	8,188,801	86,892	-	352,786	1,841,879	922,358	-	11,392,716
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,081,881	18,081,881
Accounts receivable, net:								
Taxes	260,583	-	-	-	542,458	-	-	803,041
Other governments	67,155	-	151,040	-	-	-	-	218,195
Other	20,964	8,190	154,855	-	-	-	-	184,009
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	1,186,811	142,132	1,328,943
Prepaid expenses	107,577	-	-	-	-	-	-	107,577
Inventories	<u>-</u>	4,222	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	4,222
Total Assets	8,645,080	99,304	305,895	352,786	2,384,337	2,109,169	18,224,013	32,120,584
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	41,051	_	5,559		_	690	6,489,504	6,536,804
Contracts and retainage payable	41,051	_	5,555	_	_	206,825	1,057,594	1,264,419
Accrued salaries	1,073,466	49,260	74,623	-	-	200,023	553	1,197,902
Due to other funds	988,360	23,328	169,800	_	228,425		-	1,409,913
Unearned revenue	6,342	6,456	,		220,423			68,711
Other current liabilities		6,456 6,641	55,913	-	-	-	-	
Other current liabilities	107,997	0,041	<u> </u>	- -				114,638
Total Liabilities	2,217,216	85,685	305,895	<u> </u>	228,425	207,515	7,547,651	10,592,387
Fund Balances:								
Non-spendable:								
Prepaid expenses	107,577	-	-	-	-	-	-	107,577
Inventories	-	4,222	-	-	-	-	-	4,222
Restricted:								
TABOR	339,595	10,854	-	-	_	149,255	_	499,704
Bond proceeds	, -	· -	-	-	_	· -	10,676,362	10,676,362
Debt service	-	-	-	_	2,155,912	-	, , ,	2,155,912
Committed:					, ,			, ,
Food service	-	(1,457)	-	-	_	-	_	(1,457)
Capital projects	_	-	_	_	_	1,752,399	_	1,752,399
Student activities	_	_	_	352,786	_	, . , , <u>-</u>	_	352,786
Unassigned	5,980,692	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		5,980,692
Total Fund Balances	6,427,864	13,619	<u> </u>	352,786	2,155,912	1,901,654	10,676,362	21,528,197
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	8,645,080	99,304	305,895	352,786	2,384,337	2,109,169	18,224,013	32,120,584

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Governmental Funds Total Fund Balance		21,528,197
Property taxes receivable will be collected this calendar year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the funds. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not considered current financial		283,403
resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	83,340,096 (29,712,751)	53,627,345
Changes in pension and OPEB related actuarial assumptions, proportion of collective pension and OPEB amounts, differences between actual and expected experience and investment earnings, and differences between actual and annualized contributions to the pension plan and Health Care Trust Fund are recorded as deferred inflows or outflows of resources and amortized over the average remaining service life of all active and inactive plan members:		
Net Unamortized Pension-related Deferred Outflows and Inflows Net Unamortized OPEB-related Deferred Outflows and Inflows	4,155,260 (114,103)	4,041,157
Deferred charges such as deferred refunding costs, and premiums and discounts on bonded debt, are treated as current transactions on the fund financial statements, but are capitalized and amortized on the Statement of Net Position:		
Premiums and discounts on bonded debt	(6,692,567)	(6,692,567)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, net pension and OPEB liability, accrued compensated absences, leases payable, and accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. This is the amount of District long-term liabilities:		
Bonds payable Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Accrued compensated absences and early retirement Accrued interest	(37,493,266) (17,314,528) (418,060) (1,126,352) (131,472)	(56,483,678)
	(101,712)	<u> </u>
Governmental Activities Net Position		16,303,857

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Revenues Fonds Fund Fonds Service Fund Crant Fund Activity Funds Service Reserve			Special Revenue Funds				Capital Proje			
Pederal sources			Service		Activity	Service	Capital Reserve	Building	Governmental	
Federal sources	Revenues:									
Total Revenues 3,667,635 179,811 646,395 - - - - - 4,493,841	Local sources	7,112,574	45,076	-	274,726	2,627,981	3,580	1,661,192	11,725,129	
Total Revenues 11,197,466 344,377 1,423,628 274,726 2,627,981 3,580 1,661,192 17,532,950 Expenditures:	Federal sources				-	-	-	-		
Expenditures:	State sources	3,667,635	179,811	646,395	-		<u> </u>	-	4,493,841	
Direct instruction	Total Revenues	11,197,466	344,377	1,423,628	274,726	2,627,981	3,580	1,661,192	17,532,950	
Record	Expenditures:									
Ceneral administration	Direct instruction	4,684,681	-	489,680	281,964	-	-	=	5,456,325	
Support services 693,368 - 12,523 - - - - 775,891 Custodial and maintenance 1,510,416 - 12,500 - - - - 1,522,916 Transportation 978,641 - - - - - - 978,641 Community service 871 - - - - - 871 Food service - 481,289 3,700 - - - - 871 Capital outlay - - 510,505 - - 4,975,153 25,633,218 31,118,76 Debt service: - - - - - 1,242,958 Interest and fiscal charges 108,089 - - - 1,330,000 - - - 1,242,958 Interest and fiscal charges 11,120,611 481,289 1,423,628 281,964 2,520,650 4,975,153 25,633,218 46,436,513 <th colsp<="" td=""><td>Indirect instruction</td><td>1,453,719</td><td>-</td><td>394,720</td><td>=</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>=</td><td>1,848,439</td></th>	<td>Indirect instruction</td> <td>1,453,719</td> <td>-</td> <td>394,720</td> <td>=</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>=</td> <td>1,848,439</td>	Indirect instruction	1,453,719	-	394,720	=	-	-	=	1,848,439
Custodial and maintenance 1,510,416 - 12,500 - - - - 1,522,916 Transportation 978,641 - - - - - - 978,641 Community service 871 - - - - - - 978,641 Food service 871 - - - - - - 484,989 Capital outlay - - - 510,505 - - 4,975,153 25,633,218 31,118,876 Debt service: - 1,242,958 - - - - - 1,598,739 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	General administration	1,477,868	-	-	=	-	-	=	1,477,868	
Transportation 978,641 Community service 871 B71 B71 B71 B71 B71 B71 B71 B71 B71 B	Support services	693,368	-	12,523	=	-	-	=	705,891	
Community service 871 - - - - - 871 Food service - 481,289 3,700 - - 4,975,153 25,633,218 31,118,876 Capital outlay - - 510,505 - 4,975,153 25,633,218 31,118,876 Debt service: Principal 212,958 - - - 1,030,000 - - - 1,242,958 Interest and fiscal charges 108,089 - - - 1,490,650 - - - 1,598,739 Total Expenditures 11,120,611 481,289 1,423,628 281,964 2,520,650 4,975,153 25,633,218 46,436,513 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 76,855 (136,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,971,573) (23,972,026) (28,903,563) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 80,000 - - - - 7,750 - 7,750 Transfers in (out) (882,500)	Custodial and maintenance	1,510,416	-	12,500	-	-	-	-	1,522,916	
Food service - 481,289 3,700 4,975,153 25,633,218 31,118,876 Capital outlay - 5 510,505 - 4,975,153 25,633,218 31,118,876 Debt service: Principal 212,958 1,030,000 1,242,958 Interest and fiscal charges 108,089 1,490,650 1,242,958 Interest and fiscal charges 11,120,611 481,289 1,423,628 281,964 2,520,650 4,975,153 25,633,218 46,436,513 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 76,855 (136,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,971,573) (23,972,026) (28,903,563) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets	Transportation	978,641	-	-	-	-	-	-	978,641	
Capital outlay - - 510,505 - - 4,975,153 25,633,218 31,118,876 Debt service: Principal 212,958 - - - 1,030,000 - - 1,242,958 Interest and fiscal charges 108,089 - - - 1,490,650 - - 1,598,739 Total Expenditures 11,120,611 481,289 1,423,628 281,964 2,520,650 4,975,153 25,633,218 46,436,513 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 76,855 (136,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,971,573) (23,972,026) (28,903,563) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets - - - - - 7,750 - 7,750 - 7,750 - - 7,250 - - 7,250 - - - - - 7,250 - - - - - - 7,250 - - <td>Community service</td> <td>871</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>871</td>	Community service	871	-	-	-	-	-	-	871	
Debt service: Principal 212,958 - - - 1,030,000 - - - 1,242,958 Interest and fiscal charges 108,089 - - - - 1,490,650 - - 1,598,739 Total Expenditures 11,120,611 481,289 1,423,628 281,964 2,520,650 4,975,153 25,633,218 46,436,513 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 76,855 (136,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,971,573) (23,972,026) (28,903,563) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets - - - - 7,750 - 7,750 Transfers in (out) (882,500) 80,000 - - - 800,000 - 2,250 Net Change in Fund Balance (805,645) (56,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,163,823) (23,972,026) (28,898,313) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,233,509 70,531 -	Food service	-	481,289	3,700	=	-	-	=	484,989	
Principal Interest and fiscal charges 212,958 108,089 - - - 1,030,000 1 - 1,490,650 - - 1,242,958 1,598,739 Total Expenditures 11,120,611 481,289 1,423,628 281,964 2,520,650 4,975,153 25,633,218 46,436,513 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 76,855 (136,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,971,573) (23,972,026) (28,903,563) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets - - - - 7,750 - 7,750 Transfers in (out) (882,500) 80,000 - - - 800,000 - 2,520 Net Change in Fund Balance (805,645) (56,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,163,823) (23,972,026) (28,898,313) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,233,509 70,531 - 360,024 2,048,581 6,065,477 34,648,388 50,426,510	Capital outlay	-	-	510,505	-	-	4,975,153	25,633,218	31,118,876	
Interest and fiscal charges 108,089 - - 1,490,650 - - 1,598,739	Debt service:									
Total Expenditures 11,120,611 481,289 1,423,628 281,964 2,520,650 4,975,153 25,633,218 46,436,513 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 76,855 (136,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,971,573) (23,972,026) (28,903,563) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets 7,750 Transfers in (out) (882,500) 80,000 800,000 - (2,500) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (882,500) 80,000 807,750 - 5,250 Net Change in Fund Balance (805,645) (56,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,163,823) (23,972,026) (28,898,313) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,233,509 70,531 - 360,024 2,048,581 6,065,477 34,648,388 50,426,510	Principal	212,958	-	-	-	1,030,000	-	-	1,242,958	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 76,855 (136,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,971,573) (23,972,026) (28,903,563) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets - - - - - 7,750 - 7,750 Transfers in (out) (882,500) 80,000 - - - - 800,000 - 5,250 Net Change in Fund Balance (805,645) (56,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,163,823) (23,972,026) (28,898,313) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,233,509 70,531 - 360,024 2,048,581 6,065,477 34,648,388 50,426,510	Interest and fiscal charges	108,089			<u> </u>	1,490,650	<u> </u>		1,598,739	
Over Expenditures 76,855 (136,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,971,573) (23,972,026) (28,903,563) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets - - - - - - - 7,750 - 7,750 - 7,750 - 7,750 - 7,750 - 7,750 - 7,750 - 7,750 - 7,250 -<	Total Expenditures	11,120,611	481,289	1,423,628	281,964	2,520,650	4,975,153	25,633,218	46,436,513	
Sale of capital assets - - - - - - 7,750 - 7,750 Transfers in (out) (882,500) 80,000 - - - - 800,000 - 5,250 Net Change in Fund Balance (805,645) (56,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,163,823) (23,972,026) (28,898,313) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,233,509 70,531 - 360,024 2,048,581 6,065,477 34,648,388 50,426,510	•	76,855	(136,912)	-	(7,238)	107,331	(4,971,573)	(23,972,026)	(28,903,563)	
Transfers in (out) (882,500) 80,000 - - - 800,000 - (2,500) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (882,500) 80,000 - - - - 807,750 - 5,250 Net Change in Fund Balance (805,645) (56,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,163,823) (23,972,026) (28,898,313) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,233,509 70,531 - 360,024 2,048,581 6,065,477 34,648,388 50,426,510	Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (882,500) 80,000 - - - 807,750 - 5,250 Net Change in Fund Balance (805,645) (56,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,163,823) (23,972,026) (28,898,313) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,233,509 70,531 - 360,024 2,048,581 6,065,477 34,648,388 50,426,510	Sale of capital assets	-	=	-	-	-	7,750	-	7,750	
Net Change in Fund Balance (805,645) (56,912) - (7,238) 107,331 (4,163,823) (23,972,026) (28,898,313) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,233,509 70,531 - 360,024 2,048,581 6,065,477 34,648,388 50,426,510	Transfers in (out)	(882,500)	80,000	<u> </u>	- .	-	800,000		(2,500)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 7,233,509 70,531 - 360,024 2,048,581 6,065,477 34,648,388 50,426,510	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(882,500)	80,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		807,750		5,250	
	Net Change in Fund Balance	(805,645)	(56,912)	-	(7,238)	107,331	(4,163,823)	(23,972,026)	(28,898,313)	
Fund Balance - End of Year 6,427,864 13,619 - 352,786 2,155,912 1,901,654 10,676,362 21,528,197	Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	7,233,509	70,531	<u> </u>	360,024	2,048,581	6,065,477	34,648,388	50,426,510	
	Fund Balance - End of Year	6,427,864	13,619	<u> </u>	352,786	2,155,912	1,901,654	10,676,362	21,528,197	

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Reconciliation of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities June 30, 2024

Governmental Funds Change in Fund Balances	(28,898,313)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	30,661,207
Debt principal payments result in a reduction of accumulated resources on the fund financial statements. The government-wide statements show these payments as reductions against long-term liabilities.	1,242,958
Accrued compensated absences and early retirement reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in accrued compensated absences during the year.	(165,121)
Amortization of deferred costs such as premium and discounts on bonds payable and deferred charges from refundings and changes in accrued interest have no impact on current available resources but do change government-wide net position.	3,109
Deferred property tax revenues do not provide current financial resources and are deferred on the governmental fund financial statements but recognized on the government-wide financial statements. This is the change in the deferred property tax recognized in the Statement of Activities.	94,383
Changes in the District's net pension and OPEB liabilities reported in the Statement of Net Position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the change in the District's net pension and OPEB liabilities during the year, including differences between employer contributions to the pension plan or Health Care Trust Fund and amortization of pension-related and OPEB-related deferrals.	(348,311)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense reported as an expenditure in the governmental activities' functions.	(1,241,287)
Governmental Activities Change in Net Position	1,348,625

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Tuition Preschool Fund
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Accounts receivable, net:	
Other	3,234
Due from other funds	80,970
Total Current Assets	84,204
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	710
Accrued salaries	67,899
Total Liabilities	68,609
Net Position:	
Restricted:	
TABOR	13,758
Unrestricted	1,837
Total Net Position	15,595

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Tuition
Operating Revenues:	Preschool Fund
Charges for Services	
Tuition	139,540
Total Operating Revenues	139,540
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	315,775
Benefits	89,655
Supplies and materials	8,322
Other	44,849
Total Expenses	458,601
Operating Income (Loss)	(319,061)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): State sources	263,477
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):	263,477
Transfers and Capital Contributions	2 500
Transfers in (out)	2,500
Total Transfers and Capital Contributions	2,500
Net Change in Net Position	(53,084)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	68,679
Net Position - End of Year	15,595

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Tuition Preschool Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash received from tuition and state sources	136,306
Payments to employees	(363,948)
Payments to vendors	(38,335)
Net cash (used) by operating activities	(265,977)
Cash Flows From Noncapital	
Financing Activities:	
Federal and State grants	263,477
Transfers in (out)	2,500
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	265,977
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30	
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash (Used) for Operating Activities:	
Operating income (loss)	(319,061)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash	(0:0,00:)
provided (used) by operating activities:	
Changes in assets and liabilities related to operations:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(3,235)
(Increase) decrease in prepaids	430
(Increase) decrease in due to from other funds	14,180
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	226
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	41,483
Total adjustments	53,084
Net cash (used) by operating activities	(265,977)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Clear Creek School District RE-1

Notes to the Financial Statements



I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Clear Creek School District RE-1 (the "District") is a public school district within Clear Creek County, Colorado. The District provides academic and vocational curriculum, student transportation, food service, athletic and cultural extracurricular activities, maintenance and general administrative services. The District is located in Idaho Springs, Colorado, and operates the following schools:

Elementary School	Middle School	High School
King-Murphy	Clear Creek Middle	Clear Creek High
Elementary	School	School
Carlson Elementary		

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP used by the District are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District was formed under the laws of the State of Colorado and operates under an elected Board of Education. As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District and its component units, entities for which the District is considered financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint the voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon the above criteria, the District is financially responsible for funding the Georgetown Community School. The Georgetown Community School is a charter school governed by the Colorado Revised Statutes, and is financed by a portion of the District's School Finance Act Revenues (based on enrollment), state and federal grants, as well as other revenues generated by the Georgetown Community School. Separately issued financial statements are available from the Georgetown Community School. The Georgetown Community School is a discretely presented component unit to the District because of their financial relationship with the District.

The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with all the requirements of these funding sources. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

B. District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both District-wide (financial activities of the overall District, except for fiduciary activities) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major and non-major funds). The District-wide financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. District-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

1. District-wide Financial Statements

In the District-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The District-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of the District's governmental functions. The governmental functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, specific ownership taxes, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The net costs, by function, are normally covered by general revenues.

The District-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's Net Position resulting from the current year's activities.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance. Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. One or more specific restricted or committed revenue should be the foundation for the fund.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenue sources" establishes that one of more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. The District reports the following major special revenue funds:

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. District-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

The *Food Service Fund* accounts for the provision of food to District Students.

The *Grant Fund* - accounts for all federal, state, and local grants which are restricted as to the type of expenditures for which they may be used.

The *Pupil Activity Fund* - accounts for District sponsored activities for students. Each year, the School Board of the District commits funding by way of the budget approval process.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for transactions related to the District's general obligation bonds and interest.

The *Building Fund* – This capital projects fund accounts for resources available for acquiring capital sites, buildings, and equipment such as bond sale proceeds and grants.

The *Capital Reserve Fund* accounts for the acquisition of land, construction of new facilities, alterations and improvements to existing structures, and the acquisition of school buses and/or other equipment.

The District reports the following proprietary funds:

The *Tuition Preschool Fund* accounts for preschool tuition revenue and preschool instruction expenditures.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Financial statement presentation refers to classification of revenues by source and expenses by function.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

1. Long-term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis (continued)

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary fund financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

2. Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The District's governmental fund financial statements use the current financial focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

3. Financial Statement Presentation

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Financial Statement Accounts

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within 3 months of the acquisition date.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (continued)

Investments are stated at fair value or net amortized cost. The change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

The District follows Colorado statutes specifying specific investment instruments meeting defined rating criteria in which local governments may invest, which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- · Banker's acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- FDIC-Insured Certificates of Deposit
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market mutual funds
- · Guaranteed investment contract
- Local government investment pools

2. Receivables

Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed in one year as a lien on the property, but not collected by governmental units until the subsequent year. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the assessed but uncollected property taxes have been recorded as a receivable on the fund financial statements.

4. Inventory and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories recorded in the *Food Service Fund* consist of purchased and donated commodities. Donated commodities inventories are offset by unearned revenue. Donated inventories, received at no cost under a program supported by the Federal Government, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt. The cost of all inventories is recorded as an asset when the individual inventory items are purchased, and as an expenditure or expense when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

5. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Balances at year-end between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances not eliminated between the governmental and fiduciary activities are reported as "internal balances" in the district-wide financial statements

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the governmental activity column in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical record exists. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Capital outlay for projects is capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is expensed as incurred.

Buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Building Improvements	5 to 40 years
Vehicles and Equipment	3 to 20 years

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

7. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it, which is the General Fund. Amounts of vested or accumulated leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the governmental activities column in the District-wide financial statements. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights.

After the completion of twenty years of full-time service, staff members are eligible for voluntary early retirement. Staff members are entitled to a percentage of their salary as determined from their highest salary during employment with the District. The estimated liability for all employees participating in voluntary early retirement is recorded in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position, as a component of compensated absences.

8. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow if resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has two items, pension, and other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") related deferred outflows, which qualify for reporting under this category on the Statement of Net Position.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applied to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, pension and OPEB related deferred inflows, reported in the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow from resources in the period that the amounts become available.

See Note III.F and Note III.G below for discussion on pension and OPEB, respectively, related deferred outflows and inflows.

9. Long-term Debt

In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferred refunding costs. Bond premiums, discounts, and deferred refunding costs are amortized over the life of the bonds based on interest payments.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

9. Long-term Debt (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

10. Pensions

The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund ("SCHDTF"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Post-Employment Benefits

The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund ("HCTF"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the PERA. The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Fund Balance and Fund Classifications

Governmental accounting standards establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, include Non-spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund Balance can have different levels of restraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

12. Fund Balance and Fund Classifications (continued)

The District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.

Spendable Fund Balance:

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority which is the Board of Education. The District's original budget legislation begins with combining historical data, assessment of needs for the upcoming year and the Board of Education platform to review, and/or make changes to each department's budget. Before year end, a budgetary committee will meet again with each department for final review and approval of preliminary budget. The Budget is then formally presented to the Board of Education via an advertised public process for their review, revisions and final approval by year end. All subsequent budget requests made during the year, after the Board of Education approval, must be presented via a public process and again approval by the Board of Education.

Assigned – includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Board of Education or its management designee.

Unassigned - includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The District uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy. However, the District's budget includes a calculation of a targeted reserve positions and the Administration calculates targets and report them annually to the Board of Education.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

13. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers

14. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

15. Credit Risk

The receivables of the various funds of the District are primarily due from other governments. Management believes that the credit risk related to the receivables is minimal.

16. Restricted and Unrestricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

II. Reconciliation of District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund Balance Sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position of governmental activities* as reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. Additionally, the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between *net change in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the District-wide Statement of Activities.

III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Bond Trustee

Colorado state statutes require all property taxes levied for the purpose of satisfying bonded indebtedness to be administered by at least one third party custodian designated by the District. The third-party custodian is required to ensure all taxes levied to satisfy the obligations of bonded indebtedness are used accordingly. The District has entered into a custody agreement with Clear Creek County, Colorado in order to meet this requirement.

B. Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. As required by Colorado Statutes, all funds have legally adopted budgets and appropriations. The total expenditures for each fund may not exceed the amount appropriated. Appropriations for a fund may be increased if unanticipated revenues offset them. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

As required by Colorado Statutes, the District followed the required timetable noted below in preparing, approving, and enacting its budget for fiscal year 2024:

- 1. The proposed budget was submitted to the Board of Education by May 31 of the year preceding the budget year. The proposed budget must include a description of major educational objectives and how the proposed budget fulfills those objectives.
- Notice was published within ten (10) days which contained: availability of proposed budget for inspection, date and time of budget adoption meeting, and that any County taxpayer may file objections prior to the adoption of the budget.
- 3. The Board of Education certified revenue requirements to the local County Commissioners prior to December 15.
- 4. The final budget was adopted prior to June 30, along with an appropriation resolution.

C. TABOR Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20; commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government. Any revenues earned in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year, unless voters approve retention of such excess revenue.

Except for refinancing debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

C. TABOR Amendment (continued)

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of fiscal year spending. The District has reserved \$499,704 of its June 30, 2024 fund balances for this purpose.

In 1999, the District's electorate approved a referendum allowing the District to keep and spend any excess revenue received during the year ended June 30, 1999, and each subsequent year thereafter.

The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the TABOR Amendment. However, the Amendment is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions will require judicial interpretation.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

The District's deposits are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or by collateral held under Colorado's Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA"). The FDIC insures the first \$250,000 of the District's deposits at each financial institution. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are collateralized as required by PDPA.

The District is governed by the deposit and investment limitations of state law. At June 30, 2024, the District had the following cash and investments (including the custodial fund) with the following maturities:

			Maturities	
Type:	Standard & Poors Rating	Balance	Less Than One Year	One to Five Years
Deposits:				
Checking accounts	Not rated	\$ 19,521,028	19,521,028	-
Savings accounts	Not rated	220,630	220,630	-
Cash with fiscal agent	Not rated	922,358	922,358	-
Investments:				
Investment pool	AAAm	8,810,581	8,810,581	-
		\$ 29,474,597	29,474,597	_

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments Measured at Amortized Cost	Total	
Csafe	\$	8,810,581

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Pools. At June 30, 2024, the District was invested in C-Safe, an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. They operate similarly to money market funds, whereby each share is equal in value to \$1. Investments of the trusts consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. The School has no regulatory oversight for the pools. Investment balances in the pools are not subject to limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

Interest Rate Risk. The District limits investments maturities as required by state statutes as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. State statutes require the District to limit maturities to five years from the date of purchase. Maturities of investments held at June 30, 2024 are provided in the previous schedule. The District coordinates its investment maturities to closely match cash flow needs.

Credit Risk. State law specify instruments in which local governments may invest, including obligations of the United States, certain U.S. governmental agency securities, local government investment pools, and commercial paper, among other items. The District's general investment policy is to invest surplus funds in accordance with state law, to ensure the preservation of capital, to ensure that adequate funds are available at all times to meet the financial obligations of the District when due, and to realize rates of return on invested funds which are comparable to market levels.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The District does not have an investment policy that limits the amount of securities that can be held by counterparties.

Restricted Cash. The District has \$18,081,881 of restricted cash at June 30, 2024 that is to be used for the purpose of improving and repairing existing District grounds and facilities and for other capital outlay expenditures approved by voters in the November 2, 2021 election.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount that it may invest in any one issuer. The District's investments in C-Safe represented 100% of the District's total investments.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Receivables and Unavailable Revenue

Receivables as of year-end for the District's major funds, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	C	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Grant Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Receivables:							
Taxes	\$	260,583	-	-	542,458		- 803,041
Accounts		20,964	-	151,040	-		- 172,004
Other		67,155	8,190	-	-		- 75,345
Intergovernmental		-	-	154,855	-		- 154,855
Gross receivables		348,702	8,190	305,895	542,458		- 1,205,245
Less: allowance for							
uncollectible		_			-		
Net Receivables	\$	348,702	8,190	305,895	542,458		- 1,205,245

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the District's governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
\$ 868,734	-	-	868,734
7,988,074	30,367,913	(3,986,155)	34,369,832
8,856,808	30,367,913	(3,986,155)	35,238,566
40,784,280	3,827,262	-	44,611,542
3,086,301	452,187	(48,500)	3,489,988
43,870,581	4,279,449	(48,500)	48,101,530
52,727,389	34,647,362	(4,034,655)	83,340,096
(26,027,481)	(1,104,096)	-	(27, 131, 577)
(2,492,483)	(137,191)	48,500	(2,581,174)
(28,519,964)	(1,241,287)	48,500	(29,712,751)
\$ 24,207,425	33,406,075	(3,986,155)	53,627,345
	\$ 868,734 7,988,074 8,856,808 40,784,280 3,086,301 43,870,581 52,727,389 (26,027,481) (2,492,483) (28,519,964)	\$ 868,734 - 7,988,074 30,367,913 8,856,808 30,367,913 40,784,280 3,827,262 3,086,301 452,187 43,870,581 4,279,449 52,727,389 34,647,362 (26,027,481) (1,104,096) (2,492,483) (137,191) (28,519,964) (1,241,287)	Balance Increases Decreases \$ 868,734 - - 7,988,074 30,367,913 (3,986,155) 8,856,808 30,367,913 (3,986,155) 40,784,280 3,827,262 - 3,086,301 452,187 (48,500) 43,870,581 4,279,449 (48,500) 52,727,389 34,647,362 (4,034,655) (26,027,481) (1,104,096) - (2,492,483) (137,191) 48,500 (28,519,964) (1,241,287) 48,500

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

C. Capital Assets (continued)

The District had the following capital outlay and depreciation expense for the following functions/programs:

	Capital Outlay	Depreciation Expense
Governmental activities:		
Direct instruction	\$ 12,293,315	7,077
Indirect instruction	3,920,057	-
General administration	3,266,906	-
Support services	1,579,879	42,433
Custodial and maintenance	6,076,217	1,191,777
Transportation	2,477,276	-
Food service	1,047,557	-
Total - governmental activities	\$ 30,661,207	1,241,287

There was no capital asset activity for the District's business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Discretely presented component unit:

Georgetown Community School:		eginning	Increases	Decreases	Ending	
Capital assets, being depreciated: Improvements and equipment	\$	150,689	(11,750)	_	138,939	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		150,689	(11,750)		138,939	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Improvements and equipment		(48,618)	(6,930)	-	(55,548)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(48,618)	(6,930)		(55,548)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	102,071	(18,680)	<u> </u>	83,391	

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The District has reported the following interfund balance as of June 30, 2024:

	Receivable Fund		Payable Fund
General Fund	\$	_	988,360
Grant Fund	·	-	169,800
Debt Service Fund		-	228,425
Building Fund		142,132	-
Capital Reserve Fund		1,186,811	-
Food Services Fund		-	23,328
Tuition Preschool Fund		80,970	-
	\$	1,409,913	1,409,913

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statue or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statue or budget requires to expend them, (2) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and (3) provide additional resources for current operations or debt service.

All District transfers either occur on a regular basis or are consistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

Transfers for fiscal year 2024 were as follows:

Fund		ansfer In	Tra	Transfer (out)	
General Fund	\$	_	\$	(882,500)	
Capital Reserve	Ψ	800,000	Ψ	-	
Food Services Fund		80,000		-	
Tuition Preschool		2,500			
Total	\$	882,500		(882,500)	

E. Long-term Debt – Governmental Activities

1. General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019

In November 2019, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019 in the amount of \$5,000,000. Proceeds from the bonds will used be for the purpose of improving and repairing existing District grounds and facilities and for other capital outlay expenditures approved by voters in the November 6, 2018 election. The bonds are due in annual installments starting on December 1, 2020 through December 1, 2024. These bonds bear interest at a rate of 2.00% which is payable on June 1 and December 1.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-term Debt – Governmental Activities (continued)

2. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022

In February 2022, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022 in the amount of \$33,000,000. Proceeds from the bonds will used be for the purpose of improving and repairing existing District grounds and facilities and for other capital outlay expenditures approved by voters in the November 2, 2021 election. The bonds are due in annual installments starting on December 1, 2025 through December 1, 2046. These bonds bear interest at a rate of 4.00-5.00% which is payable on June 1 and December 1.

3. Lease Purchase Agreement

In June 2022, the District entered into a lease purchase agreement with Signature Public Funding Corp in the amount of \$3,861,500. Proceeds from the bonds will used be for the purpose of building a new bus barn. Lease payments are due in semi-annual installments starting on December 1, 2022 through December 1, 2037. These bonds bear interest at a rate of 3.08% which is payable on June 1 and December 1.

4. Schedule of Future Payments

The District's future annual debt service requirements for general obligation bonds and lease purchase agreements at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending:	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 1,279,412	\$ 1,554,835	\$ 2,834,247
2026	1,116,061	1,504,735	2,620,796
2027	1,167,912	1,452,259	2,620,171
2028	1,219,971	1,397,326	2,617,297
2028	1,277,244	1,339,803	2,617,047
2029-2033	7,338,259	5,734,099	13,072,358
2034-2038	8,454,407	3,962,433	12,416,840
2039-2043	9,190,000	2,238,000	11,428,000
2044-2047	6,450,000	21,569,030	28,019,030
	\$ 37,493,266	\$ 40,752,520	\$ 78,245,786

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-term Debt – Governmental Activities (continued)

5. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2023	Additions	(Reductions)	June 30, 2024	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
2019 General obligation bonds	2,090,000	-	(1,030,000)	1,060,000	1,060,000
2019 Premium on general					
obligation bonds	99,101	-	(49,550)	49,551	-
2022 General obligation bonds	33,000,000	-	-	33,000,000	-
2022 Premium on general obligation bonds	6,593,466	-	(280,573)	6,312,893	-
2022 Lease purchase	3,646,224	-	(212,958)	3,433,266	219,412
Compensated absences	961,229	324,656	(243,056)	1,042,829	119,378
Net OPEB liability	491,318	-	(73,258)	418,060	-
Net pension liability	14,424,368	2,890,160	· -	17,314,528	-
Total Governmental Activities	61,305,706	3,214,816	(1,889,395)	62,631,127	1,398,790

For governmental activities, compensated absences and pension liabilities are liquidated by the General Fund.

F. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Plan Description: Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (the "SCHDTF")—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2023: PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10
 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account
 balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision ("AAP") under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase ("AI") or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve ("AIR") for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contribution provisions as of June 30, 2024: Eligible employees, the District, and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 11.00 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2023 Through July 30, 2024
Employer Contribution Rate	11.40%
Amount of Employer Contribution	
apportioned to the Health Care Trust	
Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-	
208(1)(f)	(1.02%)
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF	10.38%
Amortization Equalization	
Disbursement (AED) as specified in	
C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization	
Equalization Disbursement (SAED)	
as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate	
to the SCHDTF	20.38%

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$1,342,993 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute a \$225 million direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. The direct distribution from the State was suspended in 2020. To compensate PERA for the suspension, C.R.S. §§ 24-51-414(6-8) required restorative payment by providing an accelerated payment in 2022. In 2022, the State Treasurer issued payment for the direct distribution of \$225 million plus an additional amount of \$380 million. Due to the advanced payment made in 2022, the State reduced the distribution in 2023 to \$35 million. Additionally, the newly added C.R.S. § 24-51-414(9) providing compensatory payment of \$14.561 million for 2023 only.

Pension Liabilities: The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31,2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2023 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a non-employer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$17,314,528 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 17,314,528
The State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability as a nonemployer contributing	
entity associated with the District	371,510
Total	\$ 17,686,038

At December 31, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.0979%, as compared to its proportion of 0.0792% measured as of December 31, 2022.

Pension Expense: For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension credit of \$442,294 and revenue (expense) of \$35,538 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	•	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	\$	821,037	-	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		1,241,182	-	
Changes in proportionate share of contributions		2,380,295	970,649	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		683,395	-	
Total	\$	5,125,909	970,649	

\$683,395 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended		
June 30:	•	
2025	\$	827,427
2026		1,548,315
2027		1,442,198
2028		(346,075)
Total	\$	3,471,865

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30 percent
Real wage growth	0.70 percent
Wage inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40 -
	11.00 percent
Long-term investment Rate of Return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate	7.25 percent
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07;	
and DPS Benefit Structure (automatic)	1.00 percent

PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06

(ad hoc, substantively automatic)¹ Financed by the Annual Increase

Reserve ("AIR")

compounded annually

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefit-weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Actuarial assumptions (continued) Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuation were based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by the PERA Board on November 20, 2020.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's

November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

		30 Year Expected
	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	_

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of
 the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of
 future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection
 years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in Senate Bill ("SB") 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments.
 Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an
 annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018,
 that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust
 Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct
 distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts
 cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits
 reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP
 and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the
 projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.
- Beginning with the December 31, 2023, measurement date and thereafter, the FNP as
 of the current measurement date is used as a starting point for the GASB 67 projection
 test.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	1% Decrease Discount Rate (6.25%) (7.25%)			1% Increase (8.25%)	
Proportionate share of the	-					
net pension liability	\$	23,152,403	\$	17,314,528	\$	12,446,445

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's annual comprehensive financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the DPS Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund ("DPS HCTF"). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure. The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

DPS Benefit Structure. The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District's contributions to HCTF were approximately \$75,735.

Liabilities: At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for OPEB of \$418,060 for its proportionate share of net OPEB. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2023. The District proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on District contributions to the HCTF. for the calendar year 2023 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2023, the District proportion was 0.0586%, as compared to its proportion of 0.0602% measured as of December 31, 2022.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB credit of \$93,983. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	ferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expenses and actual experience	\$	-	85,685
Change of assumptions or other inputs		4,916	44,328
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on plan investments		12,930	-
Changes in proportionate share of contributions		12,789	48,928
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		34,203	-
	\$	64,838	178,941

\$33,239 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2024 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB benefits liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30:	
2025	\$ (64,412)
2026	(34,139)
2027	(16,477)
2028	(23,891)
2029	(7,203)
Thereafter	(2,184)
Total	\$ (148,306)

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

	State Division	School Division	Local Government Division	Judicial Division	
Actuarial cost method		Entr	y age		
Price inflation		2.3	30%		
Real wage growth		0.7	70%		
Wage inflation		3.0	00%		
Salary increases, including wage inflation					
Members other than Safety Officers	3.30%-10.90%	3.40%-11.00%	3.20%- 11.30%	2.80%-5.30%	
Safety Officers	3.20%-12.40%	N/A	3.20%- 12.40%	N/A	
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation			25%		
Discount rate		7.2	25%		
Health care cost trend rates					
PERA benefit structure:					
Service-based premium subsidy		0.0	00%		
PERACare Medicare plans ¹		gradually	in 2023, decreasing % in 2033		
Medicare Part A premiums		gradually	in 2023, increasing ⁄⁄ ₆ in 2035		
DPS benefit structure:					
Service-based premium subsidy		0.0	00%		
PERACare Medicare plans		N	I/A		
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A				

¹UnitedHealthcare MAPD PPO plans are 0% for 2023.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Actuarial assumptions continued. Each year the per capita health care costs are developed by plan option; currently based on 2023 premium rates for the UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug (MAPD) PPO plan #1, the UnitedHealthcare MAPD PPO plan #2, and the Kaiser Permanente MAPD HMO plan. Actuarial morbidity factors are then applied to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age, gender, and health care cost trend. This approach applies for all members and is adjusted accordingly for those not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for the PERA benefit structure.

Age-Related Morbidity Assumptions

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Participant Age	Annual Increase (Male)	Annual Increase (Female)
65-68	2.2%	2.3%
69	2.8%	2.2%
70	2.7%	1.6%
71	3.1%	0.5%
72	2.3%	0.7%
73	1.2%	0.8%
74	0.9%	1.5%
75-85	0.9%	1.3%
86 and older	0.0%	0.0%

MAPD PPO #1 v Medicare Part		-	MAPD PPO #2 with Medicare Part A		MAPD HMO (Kaiser) with Medicare Part A		
Age	Retire	e/Spouse	Retiree/Spouse		Retiree	/Spouse	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
65	\$1,692	\$1,406	\$579	\$481	\$1,913	\$1,589	
70	\$1,901	\$1,573	\$650	\$538	\$2,149	\$1,778	
75	\$2,100	\$1,653	\$718	\$566	\$2,374	\$1,869	

Sample Age	MAPD PPO #1 without Medicare Part A Retiree/Spouse		le Medicare Part A Medicare Part A		MAPD HMO (Kaiser) without Medicare Part A Retiree/Spouse		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
65	\$6,469	\$5,373	\$4,198	\$3,487	\$6,719	\$5,581	
70	\$7,266	\$6,011	\$4,715	\$3,900	\$7,546	\$6,243	
75	\$8,026	\$6,319	\$5,208	\$4,101	\$8,336	\$6,563	

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The 2023 Medicare Part A premium is \$506 per month. All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2022, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2023	7.00%	3.50%
2024	6.75%	3.50%
2025	6.50%	3.75%
2026	6.25%	3.75%
2027	6.00%	4.00%
2028	5.75%	4.00%
2029	5.50%	4.00%
2030	5.25%	4.25%
2031	5.00%	4.25%
2032	4.75%	4.25%
2033	4.50%	4.25%
2034	4.50%	4.25%
2035+	4.50%	4.50%

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the Trust Fund:

- Per capita health care costs in effect as of the December 31, 2022, valuation date for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to be age 65 and older and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits have been updated to reflect costs for the 2023 plan year.
- The morbidity rates used to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age and by gender were updated effective for the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation. The revised morbidity rate factors are based on a review of historical claims experience by age, gender, and status (active versus retired) from actuary's claims data warehouse.
- The health care cost trend rates applicable to health care premiums were revised to reflect the then current expectation of future increases in those premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuations were based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regularly scheduled experience studies performed at least every five years, and asset/liability studies, performed every three to five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

		30 Year Expected
	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	•

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	1%	Increase
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate		5.75%		6.75%		7.75%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate		3.50%		4.50%		5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate		2.50%		3.50%		4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate		3.50%		4.50%		5.50%
OPEB Liability	\$	406,061	\$	418,060	\$	431,112

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2023, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of
 the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of
 future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection
 years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.
- Beginning with the December 31, 2023, measurement date and thereafter, the FNP
 as of the current measurement date is used as a starting point for the GASB 74
 projection test.
- As of the December 31, 2023, measurement date, the FNP and related disclosure components for the HCTF reflect payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health Department as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. As of the December 31, 2023, year-end, PERA recognized two additions for accounting and financial reporting purposes: a \$24 million payment received on December 4, 2023, and a \$2 million receivable. The employer disaffiliation payment and receivable allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$1.033 million and \$24.967 million, respectively.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

IV. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Other Postemployment Benefits – Plan, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

			(Current			
	1% Decrease D (6.25%)			Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
Proportionate share of the							
net OPEB liability	\$	493,781	\$	418,060	\$	353,280	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's annual comprehensive financial report which can be obtained www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

V. Other Information

A. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Plan Description - Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S, as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Funding Policy – Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. There were no 401(k) Plan member contributions from the District for the years ended June 30, 2024.

V. Other Information (continued)

B. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to workers compensation, general liability, unemployment, torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, and error and omissions. The District carries commercial coverage for these risks and claims and does not expect claims to exceed their coverage. For the last three years, settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage, nor has there been any reduction in insurance coverage.

Pupil Counts. Each year the District submits data regarding pupil counts to the Colorado Department of Education (CDE). The purpose of this data collection is to obtain required student level data as provided for by state statute (s), including information regarding students' funding eligibility as outlined in the Public School Finance Act of 1994 (22-54-101, C.R.S.).

The Student October Count is based on a one (1) day membership count in which districts are asked to report all students who are actively enrolled and attending classes through their district on that date. In an effort to ensure accurate reporting of those data fields associated with student funding, CDE conducts periodic compliance audits of each district's student October count data. This data not only determine per pupil funding, but also at risk and English Language Proficiency Act (ELPA) funding. CDE audits districts every one to four years, the frequency of which is determined by a number of factors including, but not limited to, the size and location of the district, as well as issues or concerns that might have arisen from prior audits. The District believes its pupil count information is accurate and any adjustment would not be material.

C. Contingencies

1. Legal Claims

During the normal course of business, the District incurs claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the District and their legal representatives feel none of these claims or assertions are significant enough that they would materially affect the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements at June 30, 2024.

V. Other Information (continued)

C. Contingencies (continued)

2. Federal Programs

Funds received from Federal grants are subject to audit and disallowance of ineligible cost. Management of the District feels any potential questioned or disallowed costs or liability arising from the Federal program audits would not materially affect the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements at June 30, 2024.

3. State Programs

The District receives payment for State equalization, State transportation and various other State revenues to fund programs. These grants and programs are subject to audit and may result in the District either refunding amounts due for overpayment or receiving additional revenue for underpayment by the State. These adjustments can be material. The amount of these adjustments cannot be estimated or determined as of the date of these financial statements.

D. Blue Sky Board of Cooperative Educational Services

The District is an association member, together with other school districts, participating in certain programs of the Blue Sky Board of Cooperative Educational Services (the "BOCES"). The purpose of the BOCES is to pool resources of the individual districts and to provide services common to each on a basis that is more economical than if the same services were provided individually. The District provides its own administrative services and does not bear administrative costs borne equally by fully participating districts as it is not a full member. The District pays for services provided by BOCES charged to each district based upon individual needs and the student population.

The BOCES has issued its own audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023, the latest available data. The following summary information is presented:

Assets	\$ 791,835
Deferred Outflows of Resources	828,179
Liabilities	2,408,896
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 417,283
Net Position	\$ (1,206,165)
Expenses	\$ (2,248,645)
Program Revenues	2,263,295
General Revenues	 4,435
Change in Net Position	19,085
	_
Net Position - Beginning	 (1,225,250)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (1,206,165)

For the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the District made operating contributions of \$123,875 and \$228,211 respectively.

Clear Creek School District RE-1

Required Supplementary Information



Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Assets - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

	2024				2023
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:				(truguerra)	
Local sources:					
Property taxes levied for general purposes	6,361,926	6,361,926	5,650,428	(711,498)	5,449,568
Specific ownership taxes	618,000	618,000	768,252	150,252	719,844
Charter school services	183,000	183,000	188,889	5,889	156,426
Charges and fees	7,000	7,000	1,755	(5,245)	13,521
Investment income	103,000	103,000	340,839	237,839	317,424
Other	136,000	136,000	162,411	26,411	122,727
Total Local Sources	7,408,926	7,408,926	7,112,574	(296,352)	6,779,510
Federal sources	261,500	261,500	417,257	155,757	642,949
State sources:		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Equalization	2,284,378	2,284,378	2,921,696	637,318	2,719,545
Other	773,881	773,881	717,013	(56,868)	595,864
Total State Sources	3,058,259	3,058,259	3,638,709	580,450	3,315,409
Total Revenues	10,728,685	10,728,685	11,168,540	439,855	10,737,868
Expenditures:					
Direct instruction	4,669,424	4,669,424	4,669,226	198	4,425,490
Indirect instruction	1,459,308	1,459,308	1,450,553	8,755	1,590,993
General administration	1,400,025	1,400,025	1,474,305	(74,280)	1,276,547
Support services	938,981	938,981	691,814	247,167	727,472
Custodial and maintenance	1,321,023	1,321,023	1,507,516	(186,493)	1,452,677
Transportation	853,313	853,313	976,353	(123,040)	702,822
Community service	900	900	871	29	1,074
Food service	1,000	1,000	-	1,000	-
Contingency reserve Debt service:	6,138,474	6,138,474	-	6,138,474	-
Principal	212,958	212,958	212,958	-	215,276
Interest and fiscal charges	108,089	108,089	108,089		105,771
Total Expenditures	17,103,495	17,103,495	11,091,685	6,011,810	10,498,122
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(6,374,810)	(6,374,810)	76,855	6,451,665	239,746
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers (out)	(860,000)	(860,000)	(882,500)	(22,500)	(800,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(860,000)	(860,000)	(882,500)	(22,500)	(800,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,234,810)	(7,234,810)	(805,645)	6,429,165	(560,254)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	7,234,810	7,234,810	7,233,509	(1,301)	7,793,763
Fund Balance - End of Year			6,427,864	6,427,864	7,233,509
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Adjustments:					
Pension direct distribution - Special funding Pension expense - Special funding		-	28,926 (28,926)		358,442 (358,442)
Fund Balance - End of Year - GAAP Basis		=	6,427,864		7,233,509

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position Assets - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Food Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

	2024				2023	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive	Actual	
Revenues:	Budget	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)	Amounts	
Local sources:						
Food and ala carte sales	161,000	161,000	45,076	(115,924)	139,678	
Federal sources	129,000	129,000	119,490	(9,510)	111,781	
State sources	3,500	3,500	179,811	176,311	5,417	
Total Revenues	293,500	293,500	344,377	50,877	256,876	
Expenditures:						
Food service	445,911	445,911	481,289	(35,378)	334,142	
Total Expenditures	445,911	445,911	481,289	(35,378)	334,142	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(152,411)	(152,411)	(136,912)	15,499	(77,266)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	60,000	60,000	80,000	20,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	60,000	60,000	80,000	20,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(92,411)	(92,411)	(56,912)	35,499	(77,266)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	92,411	92,411	70,531	(21,880)	147,797	
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	13,619	13,619	70,531	

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position Assets - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Grant Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

	2024				2023
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:					
Local sources:					
Other	370,863	370,863	-	(370,863)	7,212
Federal sources	717,991	717,991	777,233	59,242	1,324,031
State sources	313,873	313,873	646,395	332,522	124,810
Total Revenues	1,402,727	1,402,727	1,423,628	20,901	1,456,053
Expenditures:					
Direct instruction	995,070	995,070	489,680	505,390	818,104
Indirect instruction	232,207	232,207	394,720	(162,513)	497,475
General administration	-	-	-	-	8,176
Support services	10,138	10,138	12,523	(2,385)	75,176
Custodial and maintenance	46,812	46,812	12,500	34,312	23,983
Transportation	-	-	-	-	30,300
Capital outlay	115,000	115,000	510,505	(395,505)	-
Food service	3,500	3,500	3,700	(200)	2,839
Total Expenditures	1,402,727	1,402,727	1,423,628	(20,901)	1,456,053
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year					
Fund Balance - End of Year					

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position Assets - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Pupil Activity Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

	2024				2023	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts	
Revenues: Student Activities	297,014	297,014	274,726	(22,288)	345,661	
Total Revenues	297,014	297,014	274,726	(22,288)	345,661	
Expenditures: Student Activities	649,746	649,746	281,964	367,782	309,525	
Total Expenditures	649,746	649,746	281,964	367,782	309,525	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(352,732)	(352,732)	(7,238)	345,494	36,136	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	352,732	352,732	360,024	7,292	323,888	
Fund Balance - End of Year			352,786	352,786	360,024	

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association School Division Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years

For the year-ended at the measurement date December 31,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0979%	0.0792%	0.0910%	0.1061%	0.0954%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	17,314,528	14,424,368	10,591,340	16,046,727	14,248,734
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District	371,510	3,254,896	1,089,289	-	2,289,091
Total proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	17,686,038	17,679,264	11,680,629	16,046,727	16,537,825
District's covered payroll	6,472,993	6,178,311	5,688,068	5,679,859	5,605,346
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	267%	233%	186%	283%	295%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.74%	61.79%	74.86%	66.99%	64.07%
For the year-ended at the measurement date December 31,	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
For the year-ended at the measurement date December 31, District's proportion of the net pension liability	2018 0.9921%	2017 0.1124%	2016 0.1202%	2015 0.1202%	2014 0.1216%
· ·				_	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.9921%	0.1124%	0.1202%	0.1202%	0.1216%
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a	0.9921% 16,315,792	0.1124%	0.1202%	0.1202%	0.1216%
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District Total proportionate share of the net pension	0.9921% 16,315,792 2,230,958	0.1124% 36,357,340 -	0.1202% 35,426,858	0.1202% 18,383,305	0.1216% 16,483,928 -
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District Total proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	0.9921% 16,315,792 2,230,958 18,546,750	0.1124% 36,357,340 - 36,357,340	0.1202% 35,426,858 - 35,426,858	0.1202% 18,383,305 - 18,383,305	0.1216% 16,483,928 - 16,483,928

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of District's Pension Contributions Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association School Division Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal year-ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Contractually required contribution	1,342,993	1,315,590	1,152,805	1,115,031	1,109,273
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,342,993)	(1,315,590)	(1,152,805)	(1,115,031)	(1,109,273)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			
District's covered payroll	6,589,761	6,455,299	5,779,432	5,608,804	5,723,798
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20.38%	20.38%	19.95%	19.88%	19.38%
Fiscal year-ended June 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	1,018,187	968,596	954,630	996,366	942,152
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,018,187)	(968,596)	(954,630)	(996,366)	(942,152)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			
District's covered payroll	5,322,461	5,130,065	5,192,894	5,039,044	5,259,614
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.13%	18.88%	18.38%	19.77%	17.91%

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association Health Care Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years *

For the year-ended at the measurement date of December 31,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0586%	0.0602%	0.0594%	0.0614%	0.0623%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	418,060	491,318	512,425	583,635	700,700
District's covered payroll	6,472,993	6,178,311	5,688,068	5,679,859	5,605,346
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	6.46%	7.95%	9.01%	10.28%	12.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	46.16%	38.57%	39.40%	32.78%	24.49%
For the year-ended at the measurement date of December 31,	2018	2017	2016		
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0599%	0.0639%	0.0676%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	814,876	830,248	876,884		
District's covered payroll	5,065,598	5,189,072	5,340,321		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.09%	16.00%	16.42%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	17.03%	17.53%	16.70%		

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year. Information is only available beginning in fiscal year 2017.

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of District's Other Post-Employment Benefits Contributions Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association Health Care Trust Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years *

Fiscal year-ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Contractually required contribution	67,216	65,844	59,148	57,210	58,383
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(67,216)	(65,844)	(59,148)	(57,210)	(58,383)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
District's covered payroll	6,589,761	6,455,299	5,779,432	5,608,804	5,723,798
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%
Fiscal year-ended June 30,	2019	2018	2017		
Contractually required contribution	54,289	52,327	52,968		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(54,289)	(52,327)	(52,968)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)		<u> </u>	-		
District's covered payroll	5,322,461	5,130,065	5,192,894		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll					

^{*} Information is only available beginning in fiscal year 2017.

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2024

I. Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

A. Changes to assumptions or other inputs

1. Changes since the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation:

There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

2. Changes since the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation:

• The assumption used to value the AI cap benefit provision was changed from 1.25% to 1.00%.

3. Changes since the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation:

- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.4 percent to 2.30 percent.
- The wage inflation assumption was lowered from 3.5 percent to 3.00 percent.
- The real rate of investment return assumption was increased to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption for the School and DPS Divisions was changed to the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- The post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumption for the School and DPS Divisions was changed to the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follow:
- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- The post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumption for the Division Trust Funds was changed to the Pub-2019 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:
- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- The disabled mortality assumption for the Division Trust Funds (Members other than State Troopers) was changed to the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a head-count weighted basis.

4. Changes since the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation:

• The assumption used to value the AI cap benefit provision was changed from 1.50 percent to 1.25 percent.

5. Changes since the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation:

 The single equivalent interest rate ("SEIR") was increased from 4.78 percent to 7.25 percent to reflect the changes to the projection's valuation basis, which no longer resulted in a projected year of depletion of the FNP, thereby eliminating the need to apply the municipal bond index rate.

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2024 (Continued)

I. Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (continued)

A. Changes to assumptions or other inputs (continued)

6. Changes since the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation:

- The SEIR was lowered from 5.26% to 4.78% to reflect the changes to the projection's valuation basis, a projected year of depletion of the FNP, and the resulting application of the municipal bond index rate.
- The municipal bond index rate used in the determination of the SEIR changed from 3.86% on the prior measurement date to 3.43% on the measurement date.

7. Changes Since the December 31, 2015 Actuarial Valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.5% to 7.25%
- The wage inflation assumption was lowered from 3.90% to 3.50%
- The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy lives for the School and Denver Public School ("DPS") Divisions was changed to the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments for credibility and gender adjustments of a 93% factor applied to ages below 80 and a 113% factor applied to age 80 and above, projected to 2018, or males, and a 68% factor applied to ages below 80 and a 106% factor applied to age 80 and above, projected to 2020, for females.
- For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was changed to reflect 90% of RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.
- The mortality assumption for active members was changed to RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70% factor applied to male rates and a 55% factor applied to female rates.
- The rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.
- The estimated administrative expense as a percentage of covered payroll was increased from 0.35% to 0.40%.
- The SEIR for the School Division Trust Fund was lowered from 7.50% to 5.26% to reflect the changes to the projection's valuation basis, a projected year of depletion of the FNP, and the resulting application of the municipal bond index rate.

8. Changes Since the December 31, 2014 Actuarial Valuation:

- Valuation of the full survivor benefit without any reduction for possible remarriage.
- Reflection of the employer match on separation benefits for all eligible years.
- Reflection of one year of service eligibility for survivor annuity benefit.
- Refinement of the 18-month annual increase timing.
- Refinements to directly value certain and life, modified cash refund and popup benefit forms.
- Recognition of merit salary increases in the first projection year.
- Elimination of the assumption that 35% of future disabled members elect to receive a refund.
- Removal of the negative value adjustment for liabilities associated with refunds of future terminating members.
- Adjustments to the timing of the normal cost and unfunded actuarial accrued liability payment calculations to reflect contributions throughout the year.

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2024 (Continued)

I. Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (continued)

B. Changes of benefit terms.

No changes during the years presented.

C. Changes of size or composition of population covered by benefit terms.

No changes during the years presented.

II. Notes to the Schedule of School Pension Contributions

A. Changes to assumptions or other inputs

No changes during the years presented.

B. Changes of benefit terms.

No changes during the years presented.

C. Changes of size or composition of population covered by benefit terms.

No changes during the years presented.

III. Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability

A. Changes to assumptions or other inputs

No changes during the years presented.

B. Changes of benefit term

No changes during the years presented.

C. Changes of size or composition of population covered by terms

No changes during the years presented.

IV. Notes to the Schedule of School OPEB Contributions

A. Changes to assumptions or other inputs

1. Changes since the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation:

• The timing of the retirement decrement was adjusted to middle-of-year.

2. Changes since the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation:

• There were no change made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

3. Changes since the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation:

Changes since the December 31, 2019 to the HCTF actuarial valuation are the same as the changes to the SCHDTF noted in Note I.A.3 above.

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2024 (Continued)

- IV. Notes to the Schedule of School OPEB Contributions (continued)
 - B. Changes of benefit terms.

No changes during the years presented.

C. Changes of size or composition of population covered by benefit terms.

No changes during the years presented.

Clear Creek School District RE-1

Supplementary Information



Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Debt Service Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

		2023			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:					
Local sources:					
Property taxes levied for general purposes	2,525,575	2,525,575	2,550,035	24,460	2,556,344
Investment income	30,000	30,000	77,946	47,946	33,213
Total Local Sources	2,555,575	2,555,575	2,627,981	72,406	2,589,557
Total Revenues	2,555,575	2,555,575	2,627,981	72,406	2,589,557
Expenditures:					
Debt service:					
Principal	1,030,000	1,030,000	1,030,000	-	1,000,000
Interest and fiscal charges	1,491,350	1,491,350	1,490,650	700	1,521,100
Total Expenditures	2,521,350	2,521,350	2,520,650	700	2,521,100
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	34,225	34,225	107,331	73,106	68,457
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2,009,821	2,009,821	2,048,581	38,760	1,980,124
Fund Balance - End of Year	2,044,046	2,044,046	2,155,912	111,866	2,048,581

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Capital Reserve Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

		2024	4		2023
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:					
Local sources:			0.500	0.500	
Other State sources	-	-	3,580	3,580	202,353
State sources		 -		<u>-</u>	202,333
Total Revenues		<u> </u>	3,580	3,580	202,353
Expenditures:					
Buildings and improvements	5,374,879	5,374,879	4,039,481	1,335,398	689,101
Vehicles	142,620	142,620	142,620	<u>-</u>	65,734
Other	900,001	900,001	793,052	106,949	486,615
Interest and fiscal charges Contingency	- 5,744	- 5,744	-	- 5,744	-
Contingency	5,744	5,744		5,744	
Total Expenditures	6,423,244	6,423,244	4,975,153	1,448,091	1,241,450
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(6,423,244)	(6,423,244)	(4,971,573)	1,451,671	(1,039,097)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Lease purchase proceeds	.	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Sale of capital assets	2,500	2,500	7,750	5,250	13,000
Transfers in (out)	800,000	800,000	800,000		800,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	802,500	802,500	807,750	5,250	813,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,620,744)	(5,620,744)	(4,163,823)	1,456,921	(226,097)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	5,620,744	5,620,744	6,065,477	444,733	6,291,574
Fund Balance - End of Year		<u>-</u>	1,901,654	1,901,654	6,065,477

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Building Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

		202	24		2023	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts	
Revenues:		-				
Local sources:						
Investment income	1,375,000	1,375,000	1,661,192	286,192	1,507,627	
Other	25,000	25,000		(25,000)		
Total local sources	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,661,192	261,192	1,507,627	
Total Revenues	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,661,192	261,192	1,507,627	
Expenditures:						
Land and improvements	1,163,241	1,163,241	-	1,163,241	-	
Buildings and improvements	31,538,901	31,538,901	25,467,453	6,071,448	5,986,957	
Equipment	-	-	165,765	(165,765)	379	
Interest and fiscal charges	- -					
Total Expenditures	32,702,142	32,702,142	25,633,218	7,068,924	5,987,336	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(31,302,142)	(31,302,142)	(23,972,026)	7,330,116	(4,479,709)	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	31,302,142	31,302,142	34,648,388	3,346,246	39,128,097	
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	10,676,362	10,676,362	34,648,388	

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Assets - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Tuition Preschool Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for 2023)

		202	4		2023
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Operating Revenues: Local sources:					
Tuition Federal sources	183,960 	183,960 	139,540 -	(44,420)	201,782 46,215
Total Revenues	578,800	578,800	403,017	(175,783)	247,997
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries	323,462	323,462	315,775	7,687	171,646
Benefits	95,089	95,089	89,655	5,434	42,161
Supplies and materials	35,000	35,000	8,322	26,678	10,113
Other	255,924	255,924	44,849	211,075	18,731
Total Operating Expenses	709,475	709,475	458,601	250,874	242,651
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(130,675)	(130,675)	(55,584)	75,091	5,346
Net Position - Beginning of Year	140,674	140,674	68,679	(71,995)	63,333
Net Position - End of Year	9,999	9,999	15,595	5,596	68,679



Colorado Department of Education

Auditors Integrity Report

District: 0540 - Clear Creek RE-1 Fiscal Year 2023-24 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund T	ype &Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
Gov	vernmental	+		-	=
10	General Fund	7,233,509	10,155,075	10,960,718	6,427,865
18	Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0
19	Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	0
Su	ıb- Total	7,233,509	10,155,075	10,960,718	6,427,865
11	Charter School Fund	807,509	1,576,586	1,825,477	558,619
20,26-29	Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
06	Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0
07	Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0
21	Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	70,530	424,378	481,289	13,619
22	Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	1,423,628	1,423,628	0
23	Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	360,024	274,726	281,964	352,786
25	Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0
31	Bond Redemption Fund	2,048,581	2,627,981	2,520,650	2,155,912
39	Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
41	Building Fund	34,648,389	1,661,192	25,633,218	10,676,363
42	Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	6,065,477	811,330	4,975,153	1,901,653
46	Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Tota	ls	51,234,019	18,954,895	48,102,097	22,086,818
	Proprietary				
50	Other Enterprise Funds	68,679	405,517	458,601	15,595
64 (63)	Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69	O Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
Tota	ls	68,679	405,517	458,601	15,595
	Fiduciary				
70	Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72	Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73	Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74	Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
79	GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
85	Foundations	0	0	0	0
Tota	als	0	0	0	0

FINAL

Clear Creek School District RE-1

Statistical Information



Table II History of District's Mill Levy

	General				
Levy/Collection	Fund Mill	Bond Fund	Mill Levy		Total Mill
Year	Levy	Mill Levy	Override	Abatements	Levy
2016/2017	12.481	3.799	3.542	0.016	19.838
2017/2018	12.481	4.045	3.966	0.000	20.492
2018/2019	12.481	4.233	4.646	-0.082	21.278
2019/2020	12.481	3.125	7.690	0.004	23.300
2020/2021*	12.481	3.106	7.902	0.052	23.541
2021/2022	12.485	7.263	8.070	0.026	27.844
2022/2023	12.485	8.23	8.854	0.034	29.603
2023/2024	12.485	7.835	8.558	0.01	28.888

^{*2021} Includes a temporary tax credit of 5.264

Table IIII
History of District's Assessed Valuation

Levy/Collection Year	Assessed Valuation	Percent Change
2016/2017	519,184,740	-
2017/2018	463,664,170	-10.69%
2018/2019	395,836,760	-14.63%
2019/2020	364,136,650	-8.01%
2020/2021	349,815,720	-3.93%
2021/2022	337,851,980	-3.42%
2022/2023	311,995,840	-7.65%
2023/2024	327,601,230	5.00%

Table V
Property Tax Collections for the District¹

							Total
							Collections
				Collections as	Delinquent		as a Percent
Levy/Collection		(Current Tax	a Percent of	Tax	Total Tax	of Taxes
Year	Taxes Levied	(Collections	Taxes Levied	Collections	Collections	Levied
2016/2017	\$ 10,299,587	\$	10,276,389	99.77%	\$ 190	\$ 10,276,579	99.78%
2017/2018	9,501,406		9,478,510	99.76%	1,212	9,479,722	99.77%
2018/2019	8,422,615		8,335,270	98.96%	5,891	8,341,161	99.03%
2019/2020	8,484,384		8,458,163	99.69%	11,757	8,469,920	99.83%
2020/2021	8,235,012		8,224,504	99.87%	2,053	8,226,557	99.90%
2021/2022	9,407,214		9,411,336	100.04%	101	9,411,437	100.04%
2022/2023	9,236,013		9,240,733	100.05%	291	9,241,024	100.05%

¹Treasurer's fees have not been deducted from these amounts.

Table VI
2023 Largest Taxpayers Within the District

Owner Name	Assessed	Percent
CLIMAX MOLYBDENUM-HENDERSON OPERATIONS	\$1,268,647	0.39%
PUBLIC SERVICE CO OF COLO	\$1,080,719	0.33%
CLEAR CREEK SKIING CORP	\$219,052	0.07%
ALBERT FREI AND SONS INC	\$184,270	0.06%
MARTIN MARIETTA MATERIALS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS II	\$73,429	0.02%
CEMENTATION USA INC	\$56,028	0.02%
IHS RE LLC	\$36,856	0.01%
CREEK ELEVATION LLC A CO LLC	\$32,833	0.01%
NEW BIGHORN CROSSING I LLC	\$27,384	0.01%
CELLCO PARTNERSHIP DBA VERIZON	\$22,479	0.01%
Total	\$3,001,697	0.92%

Table VIII District Enrollment

		Percent Change Based Upon Total
School Year	Enrollment ¹	Enrollment
2016/2017	858	-
2017/2018	808	-5.83%
2018/2019	760	-5.94%
2019/2020	717	-5.66%
2020/2021	682	-4.88%
2021/2022	632	-7.33%
2022/2023	602	-4.75%
2023/2024	652	8.31%

Clear Creek School District RE-1

Single Audit Reports and Schedules



M & A

MCMAHAN AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Clear Creek School District RE-1 Idaho Springs, CO

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of Clear Creek School District RE-1 (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated **December 9, 2024**.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit on the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

PAUL J. BACKES, CPA, CGMA MICHAEL N. JENKINS, CA, CPA, CGMA MATTHEW D. MILLER, CPA Avon: (970) 845-8800 Aspen: (970) 544-3996 Frisco: (970) 668-348 l INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Board of Education Clear Creek School District RE-1 Idaho Springs, CO

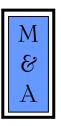
Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mc Mahan and Associates, L.L.C. McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.

December 9, 2024

MCMAHAN AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C.



Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

CHAPEL SQUARE, BLDG C 245 CHAPEL PLACE, SUITE 300 P.O. BOX 5850, AVON, CO 81620 WEB SITE: WWW.MCMAHANCPA.COM
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Clear Creek School District RE-1 Idaho Springs, CO

Report on Compliance for Each Major Program

We have audited the Clear Creek School District RE-1's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the vear ended June 30. 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Paul J. Backes, CPA, CGMA MICHAEL N. JENKINS, CA, CPA, CGMA

MATTHEW D. MILLER, CPA

Avon: (970) 845-8800 Aspen: (970) 544-3996 Frisco: (970) 668-3481 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Board of Education Clear Creek School District RE-1 Idaho Springs, CO

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with U.S. GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Board of Education Clear Creek School District RE-1 Idaho Springs, CO

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based in the requirements of Uniform Guidance and the Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose

Mc Mahan and Associates, L.L.C.
McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.

December 9, 2024

Clear Creek School District RE-1 SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Part I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness identified None noted

Significant deficiency identified None noted

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted None noted

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness identified None noted

Significant deficiency identified None noted

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S.

Code of Federal Regulations Part 200 None noted

Major programs –

ESSER IIII 90% LEA Allocation ALN 84.425U
ESSER II – Distribution 90% ALN 84.425D
ESSER Fund – 10% Discretionary ALN 84.425D
Education Stabilization Fund ALN 84.425C
Schools and Roads – Grants to States ALN 10.665

Dollar threshold used to identify Type A

from Type B programs \$750,000

Identified as low-risk auditee No

Part II: Findings Related to Financial Statements

Findings related to financial statements as

required by Government Auditing Standards

None noted
Auditor-assigned reference number

Not applicable

Part III: Findings Related to Federal Awards

Internal control findings No
Compliance findings No
Questioned costs No

Auditor-assigned reference number Not applicable

Clear Creek School District RE-1 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Note: There were no findings for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Clear Creek School District RE-1 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

United States Department of Education Passed through State Department of Education: Title . Part A 84.010 4010 97.329 1161 . Part A Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting 84.367 4367 21.353 21.353 21.353 22.35	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Grant Project Code	Expenditures	
Passed through State Department of Education: Title Part A Sa.010 4010 97,329 Title Part A Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting 84.367 4367 21,353 ESSER III 90% - LEA Allocation 84.425U 4414 128,628 ESSER III APP 9,5% State Set-Aside, EASI 84.425U 4430 29,079 ESSER III APP 9,5% State Set-Aside, Early-Service Educator Mentoring Program 84.425U 4462 69,964 ESSER III Late Liquidation Rapid Request 48.425U 4462 69,964 ESSER III Late Liquidation Rapid Request 48.425U 4462 69,964 ESSER III Late Department of Request 48.425U 4462 69,964 ESSER III APP 9,5% State Set-Aside, Rural Coaction 84.425U 4462 69,964 ESSER III APP 9,5% State Set-Aside, Rural Coaction 84.425U 4429 157,058 ESSER Funds 7287 7287 7287 7287 7287 ESSER Funds 7287					
Title I, Part A 24.010 37,329 Title I, Part A Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting 84.016 34.07 21,353 2					
Seser III 1, Part A Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting 84.367 4367 21,353		04.040	4040	07.000	
ESSER 90% - LEA Allocation	,			,	
SSSER III ARP 9.5% State Set-Aside, EASI 34.425U 4434 25.000 ESSER III ARP 9.5% State Set-Aside, Early-Service Educator Mentoring Program 34.425U 4462 69.964 29.979 25.58ER III ARP 9.5% State Set-Aside-RR Learning Loss 34.425U 3463 31.626 29.979 25.58ER III ARP 9.5% State Set-Aside-RR Learning Loss 34.425U 3463 31.626 26.255	Title II, Part A Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	84.367	4367	21,353	
ESSER III ARP 9.5% State Set-Aside, EASI	ESSER III 90% - LEA Allocation	84.425U	4414	128.628	
ESSER III ARP 9.5% State Set-Aside, Early-Service Educator Mentoring Program	ESSER III ARPA 9.5% State Set-Aside, EASI	84.425U	4434	25.000	
ESSER III ARP 9.5% State Set-Aside-RR Learning Loss		m 84.425U	4436	,	
ESSER II: Late Liquidation Rapid Request	, ,			,	
Passed through East Grand School District: ESSER IIII ARP 9.5% State Set-Aside, Rural Coaction	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
ESSER III ARP 9.5% State Set-Aside, Rural Coaction Total ESSER Funds		01.1205	1100	11,020	
Total ESSER Funds	•	84 42511	4429	157 058	
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	·	01.1200	1120		
Total United States Department of Education	Total ESSETT and			120,200	
Total United States Department of Education	Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287C	7287	132.501	
United States Department of Health and Human Services Child Care Assistance Block Grant 93.575 7575 10,000 C United States Department of Agriculture Passed Through Clear Creek County Treasurer: Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 7665 404,074 B Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services Food Distribution Commodities 10.555 4555 2,352 A Passed through State Department of Education: 30.553 4553 18,942 A School Breakfast Program 10.553 4553 80,240 A National School Lunch Program 10.555 4555 80,240 A Supply Chain Assistance 10.555 6555 16,502 A Total National School Lunch Program 10.579 4579 3,700 Summer EBT Revenue 10.646 4646 800 SNAP CN Local Administrative 10.649 4649 653 Total United States Department of Agriculture \$ 1,216,701 Additional Information for Clusters: A Chi					
Child Care Assistance Block Grant Total United States Department of Health and Human Services 93.575 7575 10,000 C United States Department of Agriculture Passed Through Clear Creek County Treasurer: Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 7665 404,074 B Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services 10.555 4555 2,352 A Passed through State Department of Education: 30.555 4555 2,352 A Passed through State Department of Education: 30.555 4555 80.240 A National School Lunch Program 10.555 4555 80.240 A Supply Chain Assistance 10.555 6555 16,502 A Total National School Lunch Program 10.579 4579 3,700 National School Lunch Equipment Assistance 10.646 4646 800 SNAP CN Local Administrative 10.649 4649 653 Total United States Department of Agriculture \$1,216,701 \$1,216,701 Total Federal Expenditures \$18,036					
Child Care Assistance Block Grant Total United States Department of Health and Human Services 93.575 7575 10,000 C United States Department of Agriculture Passed Through Clear Creek County Treasurer: Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 7665 404,074 B Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services 10.555 4555 2,352 A Passed through State Department of Education: 30.555 4555 2,352 A Passed through State Department of Education: 30.555 4555 80.240 A National School Lunch Program 10.555 4555 80.240 A Supply Chain Assistance 10.555 6555 16,502 A Total National School Lunch Program 10.579 4579 3,700 National School Lunch Equipment Assistance 10.646 4646 800 SNAP CN Local Administrative 10.649 4649 653 Total United States Department of Agriculture \$1,216,701 \$1,216,701 Total Federal Expenditures \$18,036	United States Department of Health and Human Services				
Total United States Department of Health and Human Services		93.575	7575	10.000	С
Passed Through Clear Creek County Treasurer:	Total United States Department of Health and Human Services			10,000	
Passed Through Clear Creek County Treasurer:	•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 7665 404,074 B Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services Food Distribution Commodities 10.555 4555 2,352 A Passed through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program 10.553 4553 18,942 A A National School Lunch Program 10.555 4555 80,240 A Supply Chain Assistance 10.555 6555 16,502 A A National School Lunch Program 10.555 6555 16,502 A A National School Lunch Program 10.579 4579 3,700 A National School Lunch Equipment Assistance 10.579 4579 3,700 Summer EBT Revenue 10.646 4646 800 SNAP CN Local Administrative 10.649 4649 653 A A Child Nutrition Cluster \$ 1,216,701 Additional Information for Clusters: \$ 1,216,701 Additional Information for Clusters \$ 118,036 B Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster \$ 118,036 404,074 A Service Schools and Roads Cluster \$ 118,036 A A A A A A A A A	United States Department of Agriculture				
Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services Food Distribution Commodities 10.555 4555 2,352 A Passed through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program 10.553 4553 18,942 A National School Lunch Program 10.555 4555 80,240 A Supply Chain Assistance 10.555 6555 16,502 A Total National School Lunch Program 10.575 4570 3,700 National School Lunch Equipment Assistance 10.579 4579 3,700 Summer EBT Revenue 10.646 4646 800 SNAP CN Local Administrative 10.649 4649 653 Total United States Department of Agriculture \$1,216,701 Additional Information for Clusters: 1,216,701 Additional Information Cluster \$118,036 Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 404,074 \$10.555 4555 4555 80,240 A A Child Nutrition Cluster \$118,036 4553	Passed Through Clear Creek County Treasurer:				
Food Distribution Commodities	Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	7665	404,074	В
Food Distribution Commodities	Passed through Colorado Department of Human Services				
National School Lunch Program 10.553 4553 18,942 A		10.555	4555	2,352	Α
National School Lunch Program 10.555 4555 80,240 A Supply Chain Assistance 10.555 6555 16,502 A Total National School Lunch Program 96,742 National School Lunch Equipment Assistance 10.579 4579 3,700 Summer EBT Revenue 10.646 4646 800 SNAP CN Local Administrative 10.649 4649 653 Total United States Department of Agriculture 527,263 Total Federal Expenditures \$1,216,701 Additional Information for Clusters: \$118,036 B Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 404,074 \$10.555 50.555 50.555 6555 16,502 A A A A A A A A A	Passed through State Department of Education:				
Supply Chain Assistance	School Breakfast Program	10.553	4553	18,942	Α
Supply Chain Assistance	v				
Total National School Lunch Program 96,742	National School Lunch Program	10.555	4555	80,240	Α
National School Lunch Program 96,742	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.555	6555	16,502	Α
National School Lunch Equipment Assistance 10.579 4579 3,700					
Summer EBT Revenue				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SNAP CN Local Administrative 10.649 4649 653 Total United States Department of Agriculture 527,263 Total Federal Expenditures \$1,216,701 Additional Information for Clusters: A Child Nutrition Cluster \$118,036 B Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 404,074	National School Lunch Equipment Assistance	10.579	4579	3,700	
Total United States Department of Agriculture Total Federal Expenditures \$ 1,216,701 Additional Information for Clusters: A Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster \$ 118,036 ### 404,074	···	10.646	4646	800	
Total Federal Expenditures Additional Information for Clusters: A Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 404,074	SNAP CN Local Administrative	10.649	4649	653	
Total Federal Expenditures Additional Information for Clusters: A Child Nutrition Cluster Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 404,074	Total United States Department of Agriculture			527,263	
Additional Information for Clusters: A Child Nutrition Cluster \$ 118,036 B Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster \$ 404,074	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Additional Information for Clusters: A Child Nutrition Cluster \$ 118,036 B Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster \$ 404,074	Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 1,216,701	
AChild Nutrition Cluster\$ 118,036BForest Service Schools and Roads Cluster404,074	·				
B Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 404,074	Additional Information for Clusters:				
B Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 404,074	A Child Nutrition Cluster	\$ 118,036			
	B Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster	404,074			
	C Child Care and Development Fund Cluster	10,000			

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024:

Note 1. Basis of Presentation:

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Clear Creek School District, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, US Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("*Uniform Guidance*"). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the general purpose financial statements.

Note 2. Basis of Determining the Value of Non-Cash Awards Expended:

Food Commodities: Fair market value of commodities at the time recipient received award and the assessed value provided by the federal agency.

Note 3. Sub recipients:

The District did not provide any federal funds listed in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards received to sub recipients.

Note 4. Indirect Facilities and Administration Costs:

The District does not opt to use the 10% de minimis cost rate allowed in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 200.414 Indirect (F & A) costs.